COPING WORRIES

TIPS TO HELP



WHAT IS Worry?

According to clinical psychologists, Dr Whalley & Dr Kaur,

- Human beings have the amazing ability to think about future events.
- 'Thinking ahead' means that we can anticipate obstacles or problems, and gives us the opportunity to plan solutions.
- For example, hand washing and social distancing are helpful things that we can decide to do (present actions) in order to prevent the spread of the virus (future event).
- Worrying is a way of 'thinking ahead' that often leaves us feeling anxious or apprehensive.
- Everyone worries to some degree, and some thinking ahead can help us to plan and cope. But it becomes problematic when we worry **excessively** and frequently think about **worst case scenarios** and feel that we won't be able to cope.

WHAT TRIGGERS WORRY?



Anything can be a trigger for worry and it may be different from person to person.



It's important to think **what is worrying you** but also to distinguish between **real problem worries** from **hypothetical worries**.



Real Problem Worries: actual problems that E.g. I'm (my child are affecting you and need solutions right now. We don't have e

E.g. I'm (my children is) off-school and we need help with activities at home We don't have enough food in the house to last for more than a few days



Hypothetical Worries: thinking about worstcase scenarios E.g. I'm y What wi

E.g. I'm young and healthy but what if I end up on a ventilator What will we do if my parents loose job and end up destitute?

COVID-19 AND UNCERTAINTY

- Our world has been experiencing rapid change at the moment and while there is a lot of information, news coverage and opinions circulating around, there is also a lot of uncertainty.
- It is therefore understandable to feel anxious and it would be hard not to worry about what it all means for you and for your loved ones.
- You may also feel sad, bored, lonely or frustrated from time to time.
- It is important to remember that it's ok to feel this way and everyone reacts differently.
- There are things that we can do to help to cope with worries associated with the outbreak and uncertainty that it brings.
- Always, It is important to follow the latest <u>official guidance on staying at home and social</u> <u>distancing</u> to keep yourself and everyone safe.

GET THE RIGHT INFORMATION

- First and foremost, make sure to have information from **the reputable and trustworthy source like:**
 - <u>https://young.scot/campaigns/national/coronavirus</u>
 - https://www.bbc.co.uk/newsround/51204456
- There is a great deal of information, coverage and opinion circulating about COVID-19 and related issues. Unfortunately, there are also a lot of **fake news, scare stories and misleading information** circulating and this can lead to **unnecessary worries and panic** (e.g conspiracy theory, linking 5G to the virus despite no scientific evidence).
- Seek information mainly **to take practical steps** to prepare your plans and protect yourself and loved ones
- Also, consider to **limit your exposure** (e.g. time spent on news and social media) as constant feed of information can be overwhelming and can be a trigger for further worry.

MAINTAIN THE BALANCE Having a balance of activities that give you feelings of pleasure, achievement and closeness will help your overall sense of wellbeing

Activities can work also as **distraction** and keeping you stay occupied.

Distraction is a useful short-term way of **stopping ourselves getting overly caught up in negative thoughts or worries** about an unknown future.

Use it when you are finding it difficult to stop thinking or worrying. It does not involve trying to suppress negative thoughts, but instead **helps you to actively focus your attention on a different activity.**

ACTIVITY IDEAS

- Think of activities that you regularly or used to engage that help/helped you cope when stressed
- Some activities or tasks that you wanted to do but haven't.
- It may be something completely new that you like try.



Self care

Take a bath / shower Wash your hair Give yourself a facial Trim your nails Take a nap

Try something new

Try a new food Listen to some new music Watch a new TV show Wear some new clothes Read a new book Do something spontaneous Express yourself



Write

Write a short story Write a grateful letter or 'thank you' card Write a journal / diary Write your CV



Mend

Repair something in the house Repair your bike / car / scooter Make something new Change a lightbulb Decorate a room

ACTIVITY IDEAS



Animals

Pet an animal Walk a dog Listen to the birds



Expre

Shout / Scream

oression	
Laugh	
Cry	
Sing	

Kindness

Help a friend / neighbour / stranger Make a gift for

someone Try a random act of kindness Plan a surprise for someone Make a list of your good points

Make a list of things or people you are grateful for



Watch

Watch a movie Watch a TV show Watch a YouTube video

Cook Cook a meal for

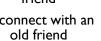
yourself or someone else Bake a cake / cookies Roast

marshmallows Find a new recipe



Connect with people

Contact a friend Join a new group Send a message to a friend Write a letter to a friend Reconnect with an





Clean

Clean your bedroom Do some chores Do the washing up Fill / empty the dishwasher

Do laundry Do

some chores Organise your workspace

Be active

Go for a walk Go for a run Use an exercise video at home

MORE ACTIVITY IDEAS



Create

Draw a picture Take a photograph Doodle / sketch Organise photographs/ album Start a scrapbook Do some sewing / knitting



Music

Listen to music you like Find some new music to listen to Turn on the radio Make some music

Sing a song / Play an instrument Listen to a podcast



Mind Daydream Meditate Pray Try relaxation exercises



Learn Learn something new Learn a new skill or facts Watch a tutorial video



Nature

Try some gardening Plant something Watch birds and pay attention to nature



Plan

Set a goal Make a 5 year plan Make a 'to do' list Make a 'bucket list' Make a shopping list



Read

Read a favourite book Read a new book Read the newspaper Read your favourite website

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WORRY TIME AND WORRY TREE



WORRY TIME AND Worry tree

- Worry time is a way of coping with excessive worrying.
- It involves learning to postpone worrying, or put it 'on hold' until set time / a more convenient time.
- This will lead to worrying becoming less intrusive and will give us a greater sense of control.
- Worry tree helps to think clearly about the nature of our worries and decide what might be the best course of actions.
- The further instructions for both can be found by clicking the icons below. It takes practice!



Worry Time

Worry Tree

CHALLENGE YOUR NEGATIVE / UNHELPFUL THOUGHTS



MINDFULNESS

- Learning and practicing mindfulness can help us to let go of worries and bring ourselves back to the present moment. For example focusing on the gentle movement of your breath or the sounds you hear around you, can serve as helpful 'anchors' to come back to the present moment and let go of worries.
- There are so many resources such as Apps, websites and videos that are available online for free to learn and practice mindfulness.
- E.g. <u>Smiling Mind</u>, <u>Headspace</u>, <u>Stop Breathe & Think</u> offers free contents and Youtube video that you could try and practice mindfulness.
- Start with small- short meditation (3-5 min) but do it regularly and then gradually increase the length of time, if you feel you are ready.

You can find out more about mindfulness from below

- Grove signpost on Mindfulness
- https://youtu.be/o-kMJBVVk9E0 or https://youtu.be/w6T02g5hnT4
- https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/stress-anxiety-depression/mindfulness/

FINALLY

- Remember to think about what you can be grateful and thankful for. Identify a couple of things each day that you feel positive about can help focus our thoughts away from our worries.
- Find ways to express your worries: Connect with friends and family and share your worries, or you might want to use creative outlets like music, arts, poem, dance and other exercise
- It's good to acknowledge that some things are outside of your control.
- Instead, Try to focus on the things you can control, such as your behaviour, who you speak to, and where and how often you get information.

TALK TO SOMEONE

If you're finding things particularly difficult, there are lots of services that can help.

- Samaritans is open 24/7. You can call them on <u>116 123</u> or email them at jo@samaritans.org.
- <u>Give us a SHOUT</u> also provide a free text service 24/7 for people feeling anxious, worried or stressed. Just text 85258.
- Breathing Space is open 6pm to 2am Monday Thursday and 24 hours a day on the weekends (Friday 6pm to Monday 6am). You can call them on <u>0800 83 85 87</u>. If you are a British Sign Language user you can contact them via their <u>online BSL-interpreting video relay service (VRS)</u>.
- Childline is open 24/7. You can call them <u>0800 1111</u> for free even if you don't have credit on your mobile phone. They also have an online service where you can <u>chat</u> with a counsellor about whatever's worrying you.



FOR PARENTS AND CAREGIVERS

There are resources and support available if you are worried about your children and their anxiety.

- Anxiety Canada offers an self-help anxiety management program called MAPS on <u>cognitive-behavioural therapy (CBT)</u>. It's designed as a resource for parents and caregivers to "coach" anxious children or teens using practical strategies and tools to manage anxiety. <u>Click here: https://maps.anxietycanada.com/</u>
- Youngminds offers resources for parents as well as support via Parents Helpline: 0808 802
 5544 (Monday to Friday 9.30am 4pm, free for mobiles and landlines) for more info, click here: https://youngminds.org.uk/find-help/for-parents/
- NSPCC also offers guidance as well as support for parents (phone <u>0808 800 5000</u> or email <u>help@nspcc.org.uk</u>). For more info, click here: <u>https://www.nspcc.org.uk/keeping-children-safe/support-for-parents/mental-health-parenting/</u>

If your children's anxiety/worry (or other mental health concerns) persists and continues to affect their daily life, please seek medical advice from GP.